$\qquad$

## NO CALCULATORS

1. If the graph of $y=f(x)$ is translated $q$ units right, what equation will represent this transformation?
2. If $y=f(x)$ is translated 5 units up, horizontally expanded by a factor of 3 and reflected in the $y$-axis, what equation will represent these transformations?
3. For each of the following, write an equation that represents the indicated transformation.
a) $y=x^{3} \quad$ reflected in the x -axis and translated 4 units left $\qquad$
b) $x^{2}+y^{2}=1 \quad$ vertically expanded by a factor of 5

c) $y=4^{x} \quad$ translated 6 units down and 3 units right
4. If $(x, y)$ is a point on the graph of $y=f(x)$, what is the corresponding point on the graph of:
a) $\quad 4 y=f(x-2)$
b) $y=-f(2 x)$
c) $y-2=f^{-1}(x)$
d) $y=-2 f(4 x-4)$
5. Determine $f^{-1}(x)$, the inverse of $f(x)=\sqrt[3]{x}+4$
6. Given $y=f(x)$, sketch the graph of $y=2 f(x-2)$ on the grid to the right.


7. Given $y=f(x)$, sketch the graph of $y=-\frac{1}{3} f(x)+2$ on the grid to the right.

8. Given $y=f(x)$, write an equation for the transformed function in the broken line graph.


$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## No Calculators

ibe how the graphs of the following functions can be obtained from the graphs of $y=f(x)$.
$-2=f(x-5)$

$$
\text { 2. } 5 y=-f(x)
$$

$$
\text { 3. } y=2 f(1-x)
$$

ch of the following relations, write an equation that represents the indicated transformations.
$\begin{array}{ll}y=f(\dot{x}) & \text { vertical translation down } 3 \text { units, horizontal compression by a factor of } \frac{1}{5} . \\ x^{2}+y^{2}=1 & \text { horizontal translation }\end{array}$
$x^{2}+y^{2}=1 \quad$ horizontal translation right 2 units, vertical expansion by a factor of 3 .
$f(x)=\sqrt{x-4}+3 \quad$ reflection in the $y$-axis, vertical translation up 4 units

Given $y=f(x)$. Sketch the graph of the following:
a) $y=f(-x)$

$y=-f(x)$


c) $\quad x=f(y)$


| 8. If $(x, y)$ is a point on the graph <br> of... | ..what is the corresponding point <br> on the graph of... | Answer: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a) $y=f(x)$ | $y-1=f\left(\frac{1}{3} x\right)$ |  |
| b) $y=\sqrt{x}$ | $3 y=\sqrt{x+4}$ |  |
| c) $y=x^{3}$ | $y=(x-6)^{3}+2$ |  |
| d) $x^{2}+y^{2}=9$ | $(4 x)^{2}+(y+8)^{2}=9$ |  |
| e) $y=f(x)$ | $y=f^{-1}(x-5)$ |  |
| f) $y=5^{x}$ | $y=-5^{7 x}$ |  |
| g) $y=\sin x$ | $y+2=\sin \frac{1}{3} x$ |  |
| h) $y=f(x)$ | $y=\frac{1}{f(x-4)}$ |  |

9. If $(6,-2)$ is a point on the graph of $y=f(x)$, what is the corresponding point on the graph of:
a) $y=-4 f(3 x)$
b) $y=-f^{-1}(-x)$
c) $y=|f(6 x+6)|-3$
d) $y=5 f\left(\frac{1}{2} x+4\right)$
10. If $f(x)=m x+b$, what does $f^{-1}(f(x))$ equal?
11. Write an equation to represent the inverse $f^{-1}(x)$ of the following functions. (Solve for $y$.) If necessary.
a) $\quad f(x)=\sqrt{3-x}$
c) $\quad f(x)=\sqrt[3]{x+1}-2$
so the inverse is
b) $\quad f(x)=3 x^{2}+7$
d) $\quad f(x)=\frac{a x}{c-b x}$
alsa a function
12. Given $y=f(x)$. Determine an equation that represents the graph in diagram (a) and diagram (b).



$\qquad$ Answer: $\qquad$
